Fatigue is the state of feeling very tired, weary or sleepy resulting from insufficient sleep, prolonged mental or physical work, shift work, or extended periods of stress or anxiety.

Boring or repetitive tasks can intensify feelings of fatigue.

repetitive repetitive



loss of appetite

sleepiness

giddiness

digestive problems (depression)

irritability

SIGNS

Staying awake for 24 hours straight affects the human body almost exactly like a blood alcohol level of .10%, which exceeds Canada's legal limit for drivers.



Impacts of fatigue

DECREASED

- decision making ability
- ability to do complex planning
- communication skills
- productivity / performance
- attention and vigilance
- ability to handle job stress
- reaction time
- memory / ability to recall details

- tendency for risk-taking
- forgetfulness
- errors in judgement
- sick time and absenteeism
- medical costs
- accident rates

INCREASED

Fatigue is regarded as having an impact on work performance. Most accidents occur when people are more likely to want sleep between midnight and 6 am, and between 1-3 pm. [3]

- [1] http://www.ccohs.ca/newsletters/hsreport/issues/2007/11/ezine.html
- [2] http://www.ccohs.ca/oshanswers/ergonomics/shiftwrk.html
- [3] Alberta Human Resources and Employment. Fatigue, Extended Work Hours, and Safety in the Workplace in Workplace Health and Safety, June 2004, Reformatted August 2010



Night, evening, rotating and irregular shifts are associated with in increased risk of occupational injury due to worker fatigue, less supervision and reduced co-worker support [2]

Fatigue is increased by...

















tasks over long

Tips for workers



EAT a healthy diet that promotes longer-lasting energy. Complex carbohydrates (starch) are preferable to simple carbohydrates (sugar). Avoid fatty foods and



ADOPT a steady exercise routine that includes cardiovascular, muscle strengthening and flexibility



midnight-6am

TRY to get at least 7.5 - 8.5 hours of sleep per night.



STAY positive. Make a conscious effort not to be overwhelmed by negative circumstances



AVOID driving if you are tired, especially in inclement weather where vision is impaired.



OID excessive noise.

Advice for employers



ENSURE the work environment does not promote fatigue. Try to avoid dim lighting, toasty temperatures, and excessive noise.

VARY job tasks to eliminate repetition or long periods of boring, monotonous work.

INCORPORATE and encourage taking breaks

TRAIN workers on the importance of getting enough rest and how to achieve work-life balance.

INTRODUCE shorter shifts, and rotate shifts in the direction of the sun (morning, afternoon, night, in that order).

